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(thyrocalcitonin) levels in plasma and serum. Calcitonin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving the thyroid and parathyroid glands, including carcinoma and hyperparathyroidism (excessive activity of the parathyroid gland).

(b) Classification. Class II.

§862.1145 Calcium test system.

(a) Identification. A calcium test system is a device intended to measure the total calcium level in serum. Calcium measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of parathyroid disease, a variety of bone diseases, chronic renal disease and tetany (intermittent muscular contractions or spasms).

(b) Classification. Class II.

§862.1150 Calibrator.

(a) *Identification*. A calibrator is a device intended for medical purposes for use in a test system to establish points of reference that are used in the determination of values in the measurement of substances in human specimens. (See also §862.2 in this part.)

(b) Classification. Class II.

§862.1155 Human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) test system.

(a) Human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) test system intended for the early detection of pregnancy—(1) Identification. A human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) test system is a device intended for the early detection of pregnancy is intended to measure HCG, a placental hormone, in plasma or urine.

(2) Classification. Class II.

(b) Human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) test system intended for any uses other than early detection of pregnancy—(1) Identification. A human chorionic goadotropin (HCG) test system is a device intended for any uses other than early detection of pregnancy (such as an aid in the diagnosis, prognosis, and management of treatment of persons with certain tumors or carcinomas) is intended to measure HCG, a placental hormone, in plasma or urine.

(2) Classification. Class III.

(3) Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required. As of the enactment date of the amendments, May 28, 1976,

an approval under section 515 of the act is required before the device described in paragraph (b)(1) may be commercially distributed. See §862.3.

§862.1160 Bicarbonate/carbon dioxide test system.

(a) Identification. A bicarbonate/carbon dioxide test system is a device intended to measure bicarbonate/carbon dioxide in plasma, serum, and whole blood. Bicarbonate/carbon dioxide measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous potentially serious disorders associated with changes in body acid-base balance.

(b) Classification. Class II.

\$ 862.1165 Catecholamines (total) test system.

(a) Identification. A catecholamines (total) test system is a device intended to determine whether a group of simi-1a.rcompounds (epinephrine, norepinephrine, and dopamine) are in urine and plasma. present Catecholamine determinations are used in the diagnosis and treatment of adrenal medulla and hypertensive disorders, and for catecholamine-secreting tumors (pheochromo-cytoma, neuroblastoma, ganglioneuroma, retinoblastoma).

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §862.9.

 $[52~{\rm FR}~16122,~{\rm May}~1,~1987,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~65~{\rm FR}~2305,~{\rm Jan.}~14,~2000]$

§862.1170 Chloride test system.

(a) *Identification*. A chloride test system is a device intended to measure the level of chloride in plasma, serum, sweat, and urine. Chloride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of electrolyte and metabolic disorders such as cystic fibrosis and diabetic acidosis.

(b) Classification. Class II.

§862.1175 Cholesterol (total) test system.

(a) *Identification*. A cholesterol (total) test system is a device intended to measure cholesterol in plasma and serum. Cholesterol measurements are